



INTEGRATED DESIGN LAB

COLLEGE OF ART AND ARCHITECTURE

University of Idaho

DEDICATED TO THE EDUCATION, OUTREACH, AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT OF
HIGH-PERFORMANCE ENERGY-EFFICIENT BUILDING DESIGN



University of Idaho
College of Art and Architecture

OUR TEAM MEMBERS

SHAUNA CORRY
CAA Dean

RANDY TEAL
ARCH Chair

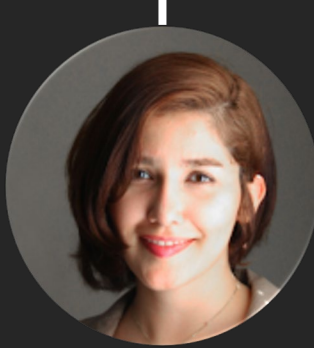
KIM OSBORNE
CAA Finance



DYLAN AGNES
Research Scientist II
M. Architecture



DAMON WOODS
Director
Ph.D Mechanical Engineering



FARNAZ NAZARI
Research Scientist I
M. Architecture + M.S. Computer Science



FELINO MACATUNO
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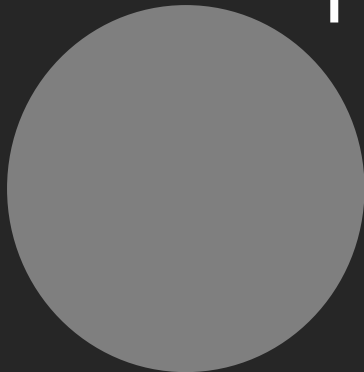
NATALIE AYALA
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TAVIA DAHL
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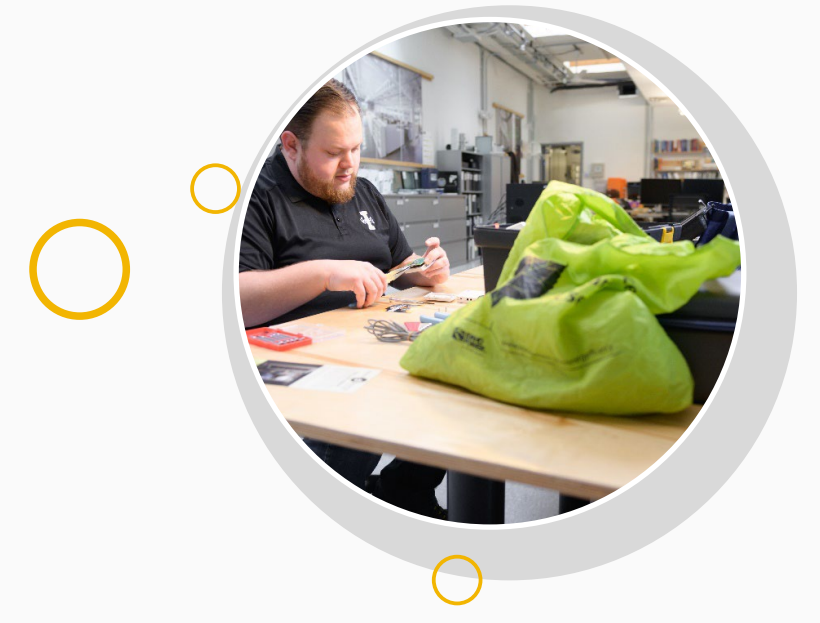
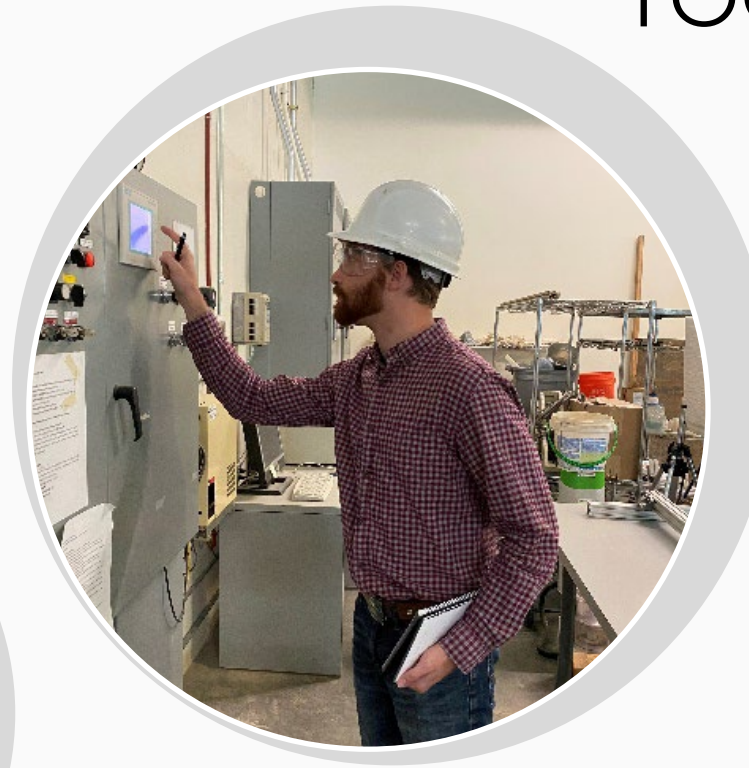
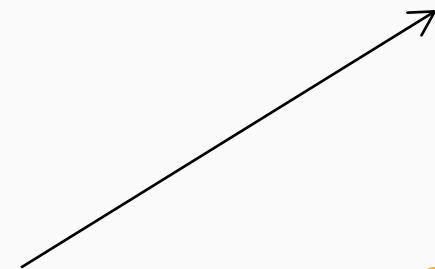


Open Position
Research Assistant

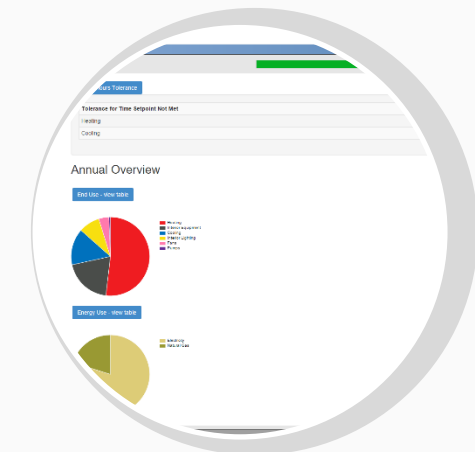
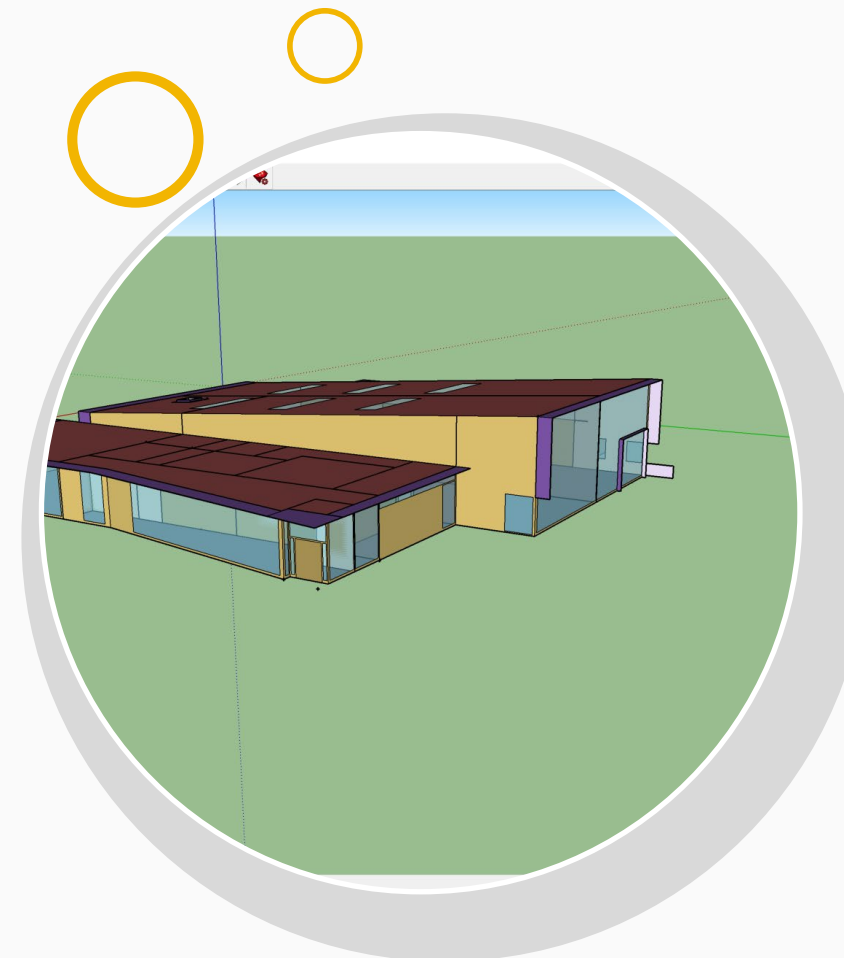
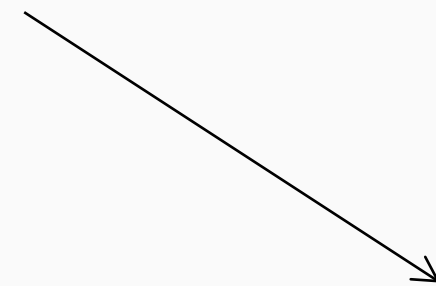
TOOLS + MEASUREMENTS



LECTURES



PHYSICAL



VIRTUAL

MODELING & ESTIMATES



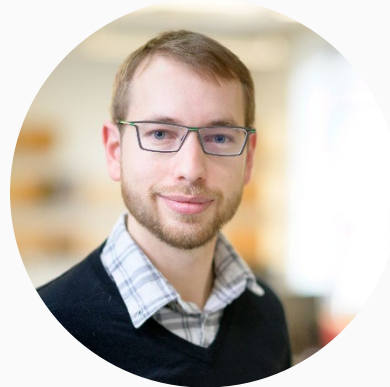
IDL WORKFLOW



HEMPITECTURE

BIO-BASED BUILDING MATERIALS

An Integrated Team



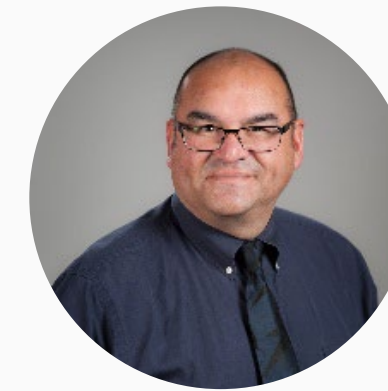
Damon Woods, Ph.D.
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Interim Director - IDL



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Matthew Mead
Hempitecture
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Armando McDonald, Ph.D.
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Chemistry



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Renewable Materials



Natalie Ayala
Sophomore in Mech. Engineering



Tavia Dahl
M.Arch Research Assistant



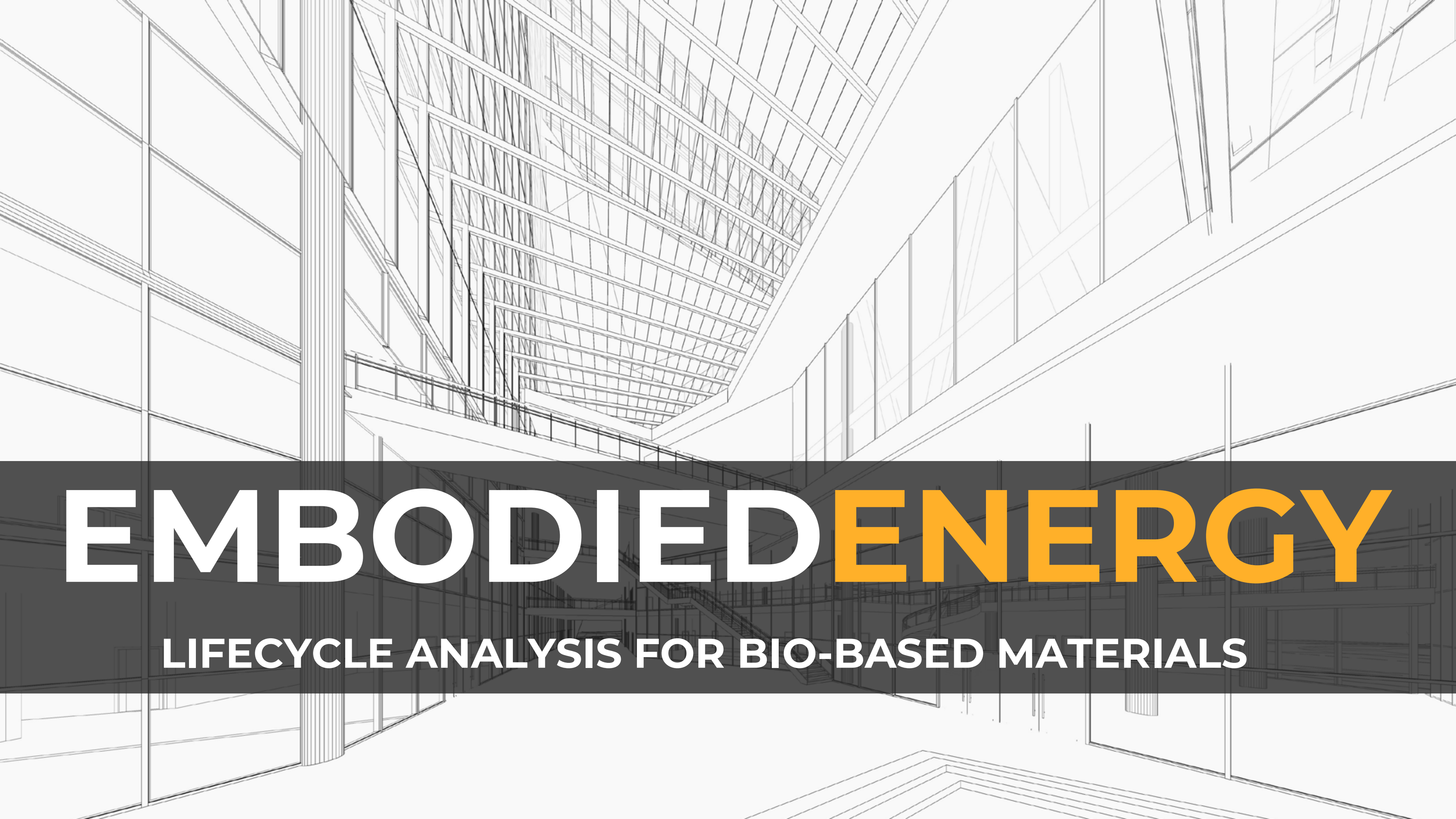
Abdulbaset Alayat, Ph.D.
Postdoctoral Researcher - CNR

Fire and Thermal Resistance Testing



Commissioning the Manufacturing Plant:

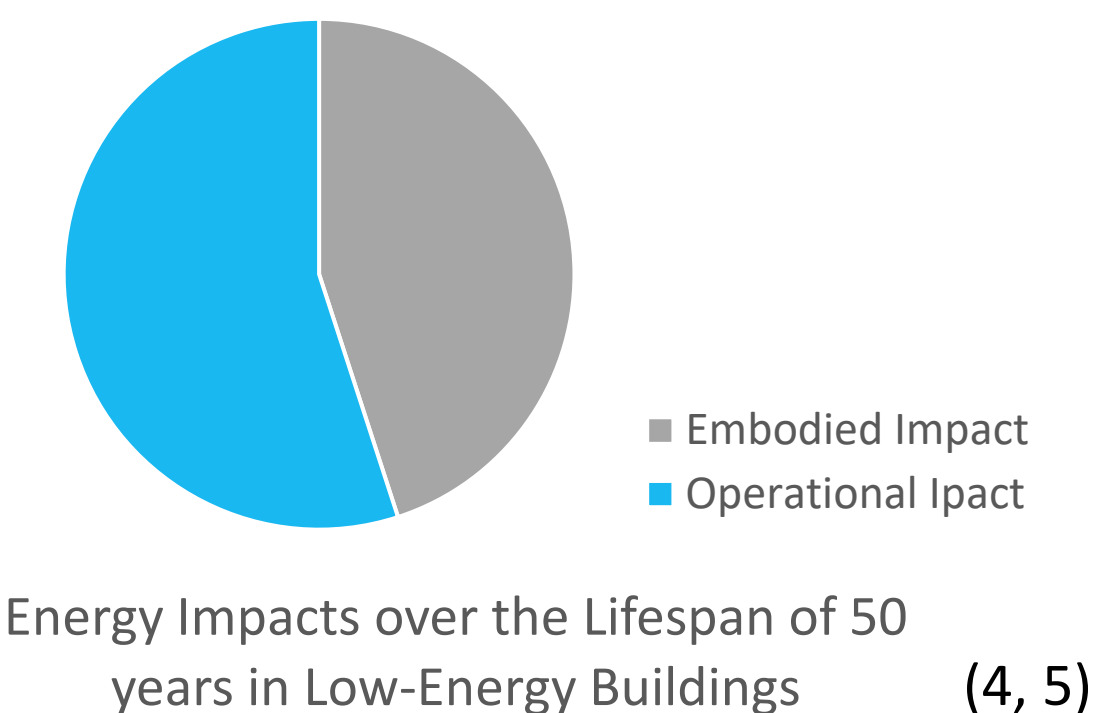
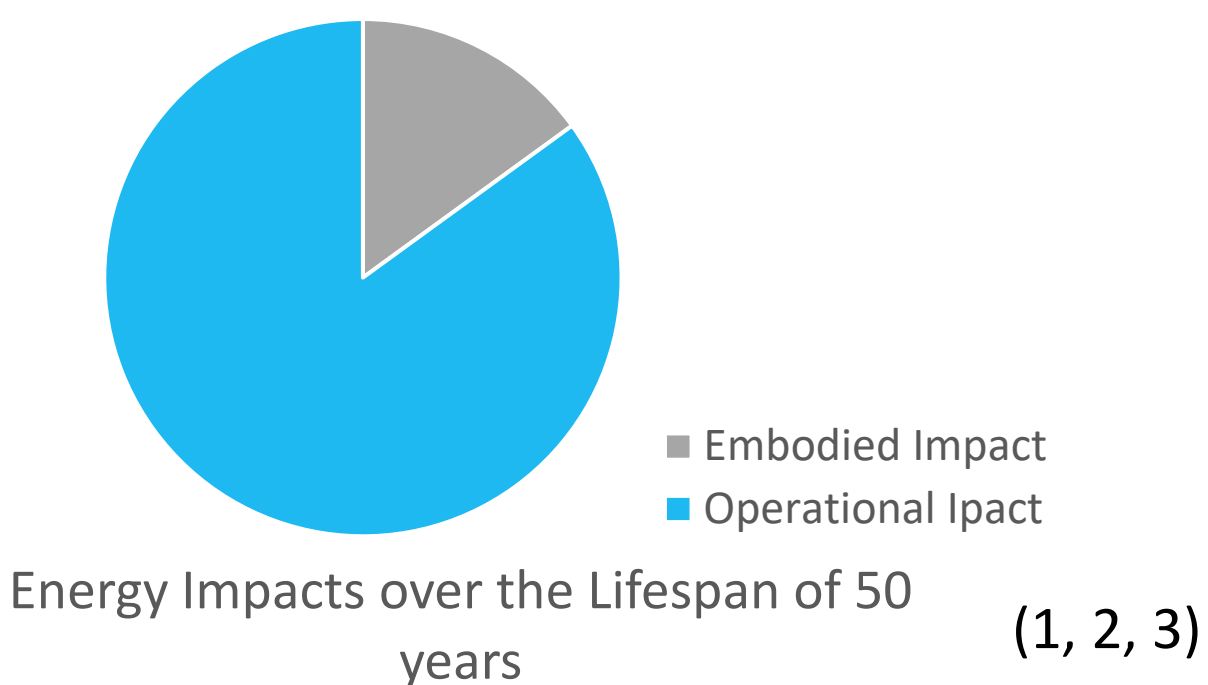




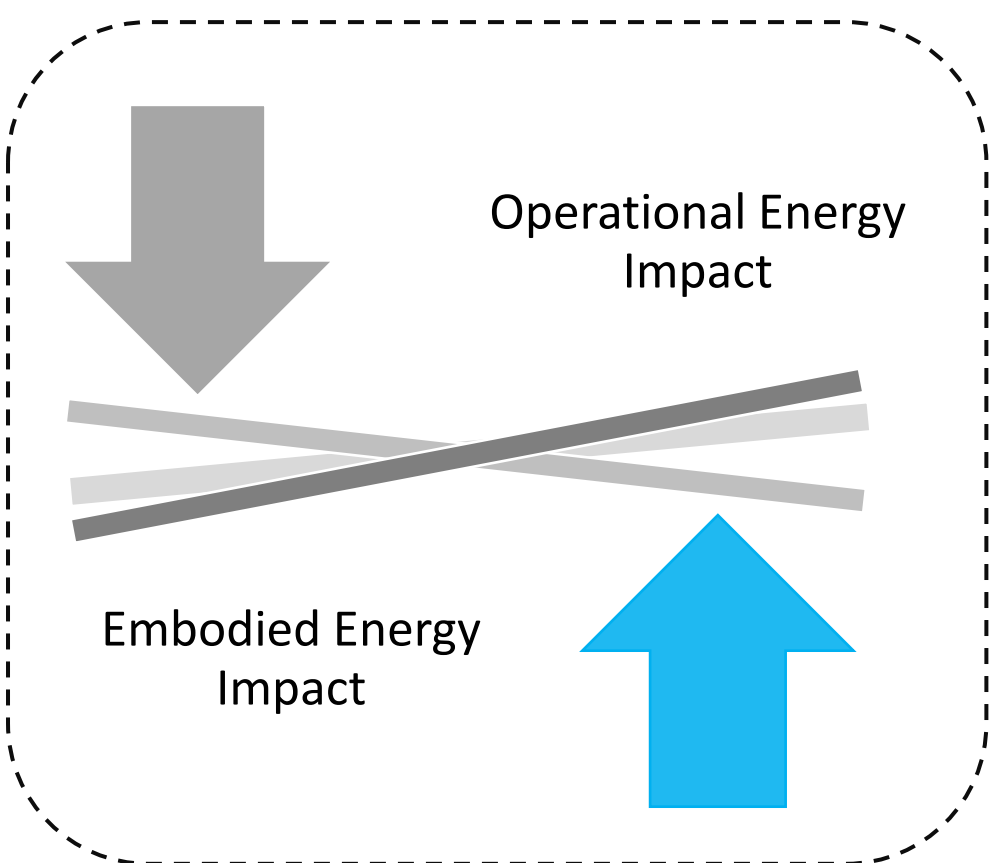
EMBODIEDENERGY

LIFECYCLE ANALYSIS FOR BIO-BASED MATERIALS

Thermal Properties and Embodied Impact of Materials: Ensuring Comprehensive Analysis

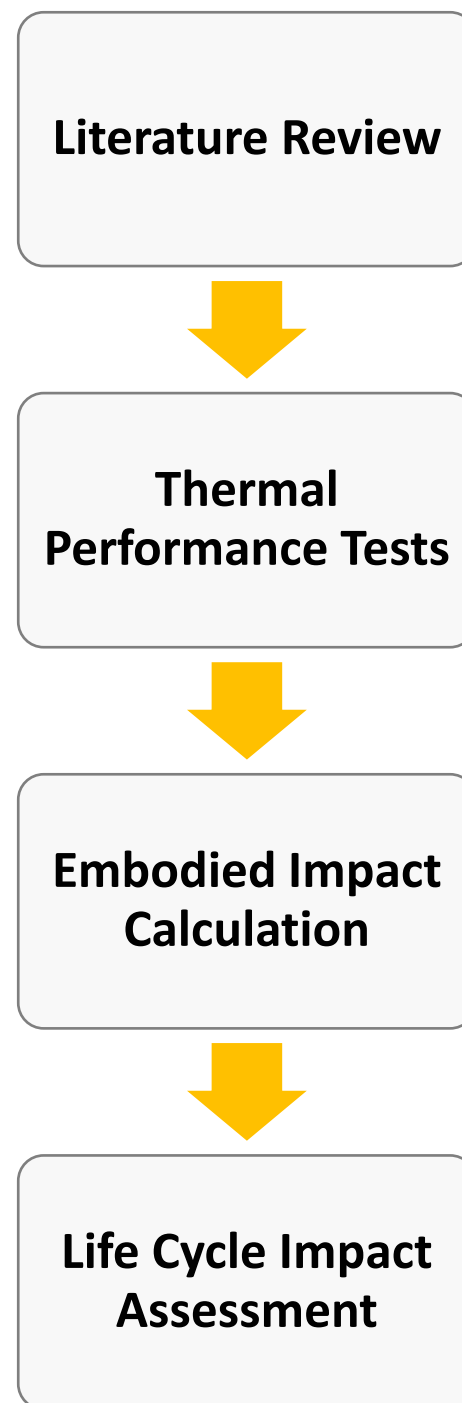


R-value vs. Embodied carbon



1. T. Ramesh, R. Prakash, and K. K. Shukla, "Life cycle energy analysis of buildings: An overview," *Energy Build.*, vol. 42, no. 10, pp. 1592–1600, Oct. 2010.
2. K. Adalberth, A. Almgren, and E. H. Petersen, "Life cycle assessment of four multi-family buildings," *Int. J. Low Energy Sustain. Build.*, vol. 2, 2001.
3. Y. Chang, R. J. Ries, and Y. Wang, "Life-cycle energy of residential buildings in China," *Energy Policy*, vol. 62, pp. 656–664, Nov. 2013.
4. "Chastas et al. - 2016 - Embodied energy in residential buildings-towards t."
5. C. Thormark, "A low energy building in a life cycle—its embodied energy, energy need for operation and recycling potential," *Build. Environ.*, vol. 37, no. 4, Apr. 2002.

Our approach:





How is hemp compared to cotton?

- Cultivated for fiber production, 70-90 days after planting (1).
- lower labor-intensive production process (2).
- Higher water efficiency, requiring 38% and 84% less water for cultivation and irrigation (3).

1.A. T. M. F. Ahmed, M. Z. Islam, M. S. Mahmud, M. E. Sarker, and M. R. Islam, "Hemp as a potential raw material toward a sustainable world: A review," *Heliyon*, vol. 8, no. 1, Jan. 2022.

2.A. G. Duque Schumacher, S. Pequito, and J. Pazour, "Industrial hemp fiber: A sustainable and economical alternative to cotton," *J. Clean. Prod.*, vol. 268, Sep. 2020.

3.K. Wise, E. Baziotopoulos, C. Zhang, M. Leaming, L.-H. Shen, and J. Selby-Pham, "Comparative study of water requirements and water footprints of fibre crops hemp and cotton," *J. Agrometeorol.*, vol. 25, no. 3, Aug. 2023.



How are hemp fibers compared to hemp hurds?

- Hemp stem is composed of about 20-40% fiber and 60-80% hurds by weight (1, 2).
- Fibers: 55-72% cellulose, 8-19% hemicellulose, 2-5% lignin, <1% wax and 4% minerals (3).
- Hurds: 36-41% cellulose, 31-37% hemicellulose, and 19-21% lignin (3).

1. Thygesen, A., Daniel, G., Lilholt, H., Thomsen, A.B., 2005. Hemp fiber microstructure and use of fungal defibration to obtain fibers for composite materials *J. Nat. Fibres* 2, pp. 19-37.

2. Vogl, C.R., Hess J., Ströml, K.F., 1996. *Die Praktische Hanffibel Informationsbroschüre für den Anbau von hanf (Cannabis sativa L.) im Biologischen Landbau Universität für Bodenkultur Wien.*

3. Thygesen, A., Thomsen, A.B., Daniel, G., Lilholt, H., 2007. Comparison of composites made from fungal defibrated hemp with composites of traditional hemp yarn. *Ind. Crops Prod.* 25, pp. 147-159.

Embodied Impact Calculation

- **LCA Software Tool and Dataset**
- System Boundary
- Functional Unit

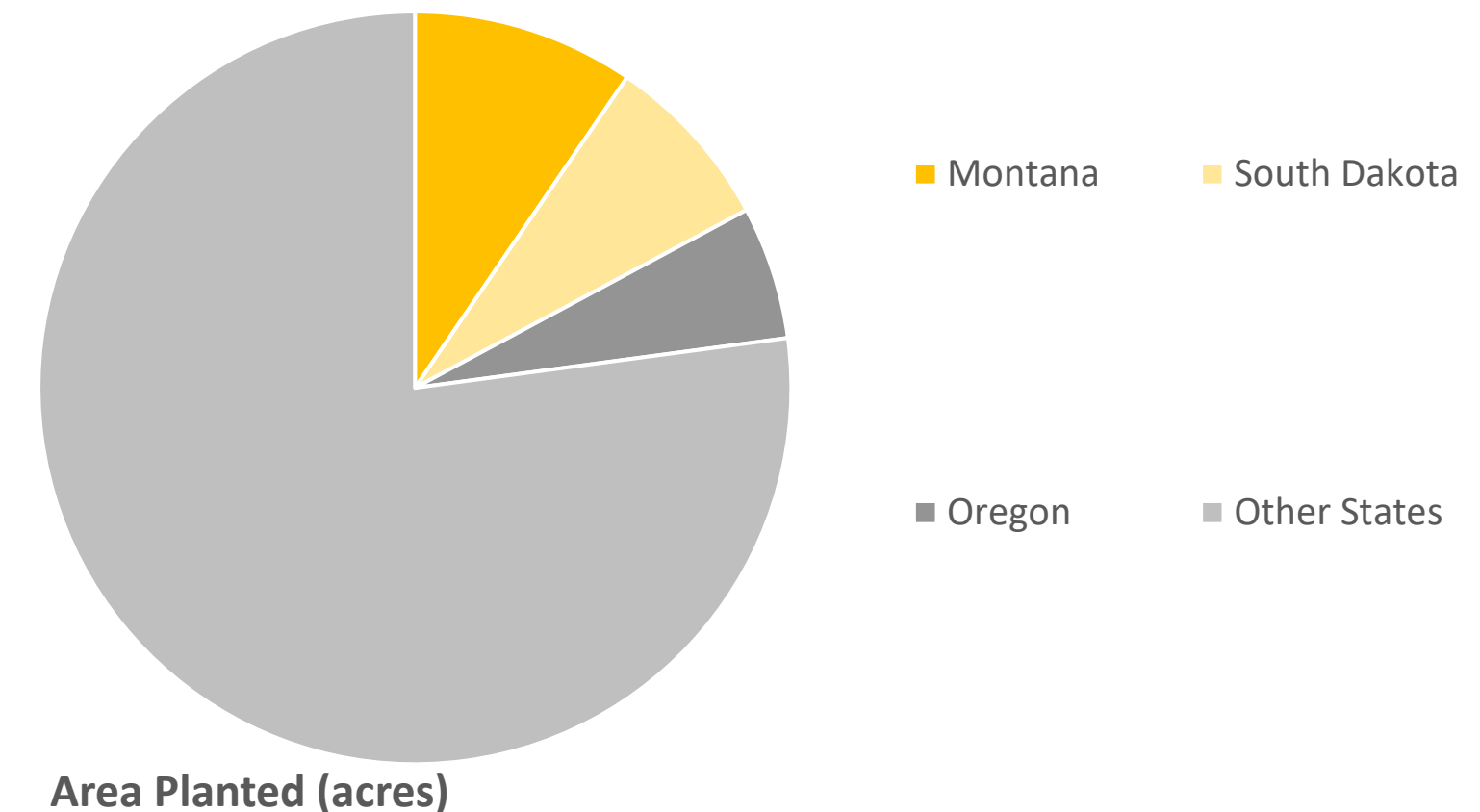
- GaBi's Education Database 2020
- Hempitecture's hemp supplier
- USDA agricultural crop data



thinkstep
GaBi



**Industrial Hemp Grown in the Open Area Planted- 2022
States (Top 3) and United States**



Data from National Hemp Report (April 2023) USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service

Embodied Impact Calculation

- LCA Software Tool and Dataset
- **System Boundary : Cradle-to-Gate**
- Functional Unit



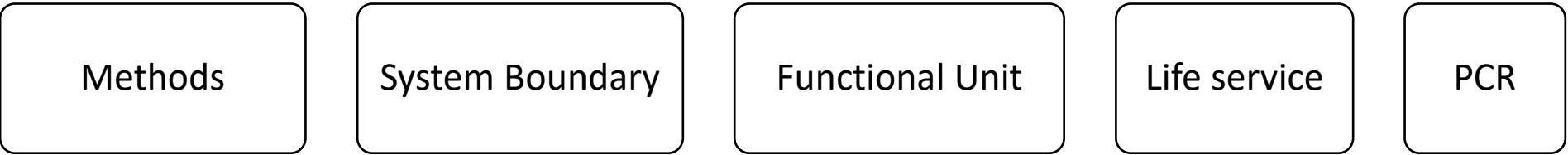
Figure from Carbon Leadership Forum (2020).

Embodied Impact Calculation

- LCA Software Tool and Dataset
- System Boundary
- **Functional Unit:** mass (kg) to provide R-SI value of 1 m².K/W equal to R value of 5.6786 °F·ft²·h/BTU

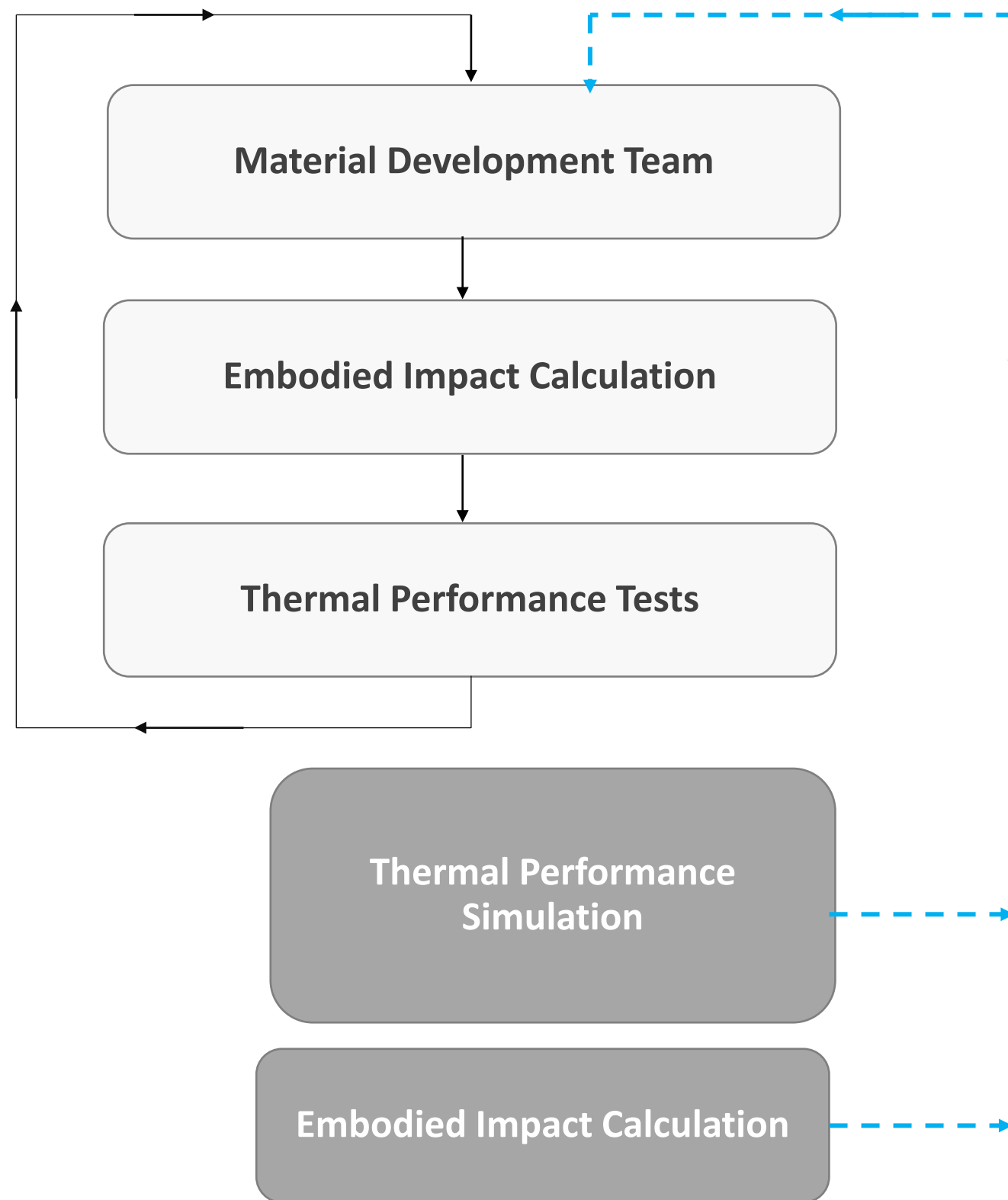
Density Kg/m ³	Thermal Conductance W/m.K	Functional Unit	System Boundary	GWP Kg CO ₂ eq./FU	Reference
Hemp					
20-90	0.038-0.040	1.2-1.9 kg	Cradle-to-Grave	0.17 to 0.26	(1, 2)
38-41	0.038-0.060	2.25 kg	Cradle-to- Gate	-0.75 to -3.9	(3)

Data and EPDs Inconsistencies



1. S. Schiavoni, F. D'Alessandro, F. Bianchi, and F. Asdrubali, "Insulation materials for the building sector: A review and comparative analysis," *Renew. Sustain. Energy Rev.*, vol. 62, Sep. 2016.
2. "Technical Dataset." [Online]. Available: <http://www.maiano.it>
3. G. Grazieschi, F. Asdrubali, and G. Thomas, "Embodied energy and carbon of building insulating materials: A critical review," *Clean. Environ. Syst.*, vol. 2, Jun. 2021.

Our approach:



3D PRINTING TIMBER



PrinTimber



From Wood Waste to Homes

printimber.org

PRINTIMBER



44 M TONS
of WOOD
RESIDUALS

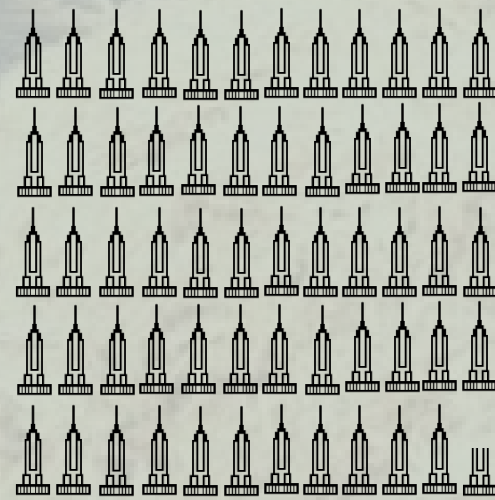
50-170k
tons / year
at one facility



(1) 747 = 1000 tons

=

59.5





1



Non-Structural panels



Bio-fuel



Compost



Animal Bedding

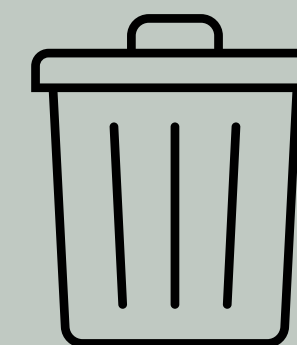


Paper Products

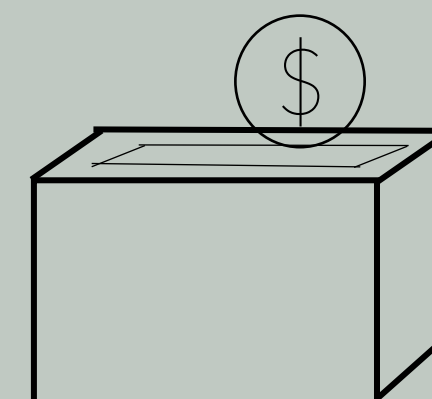
2



Burn



Landfill

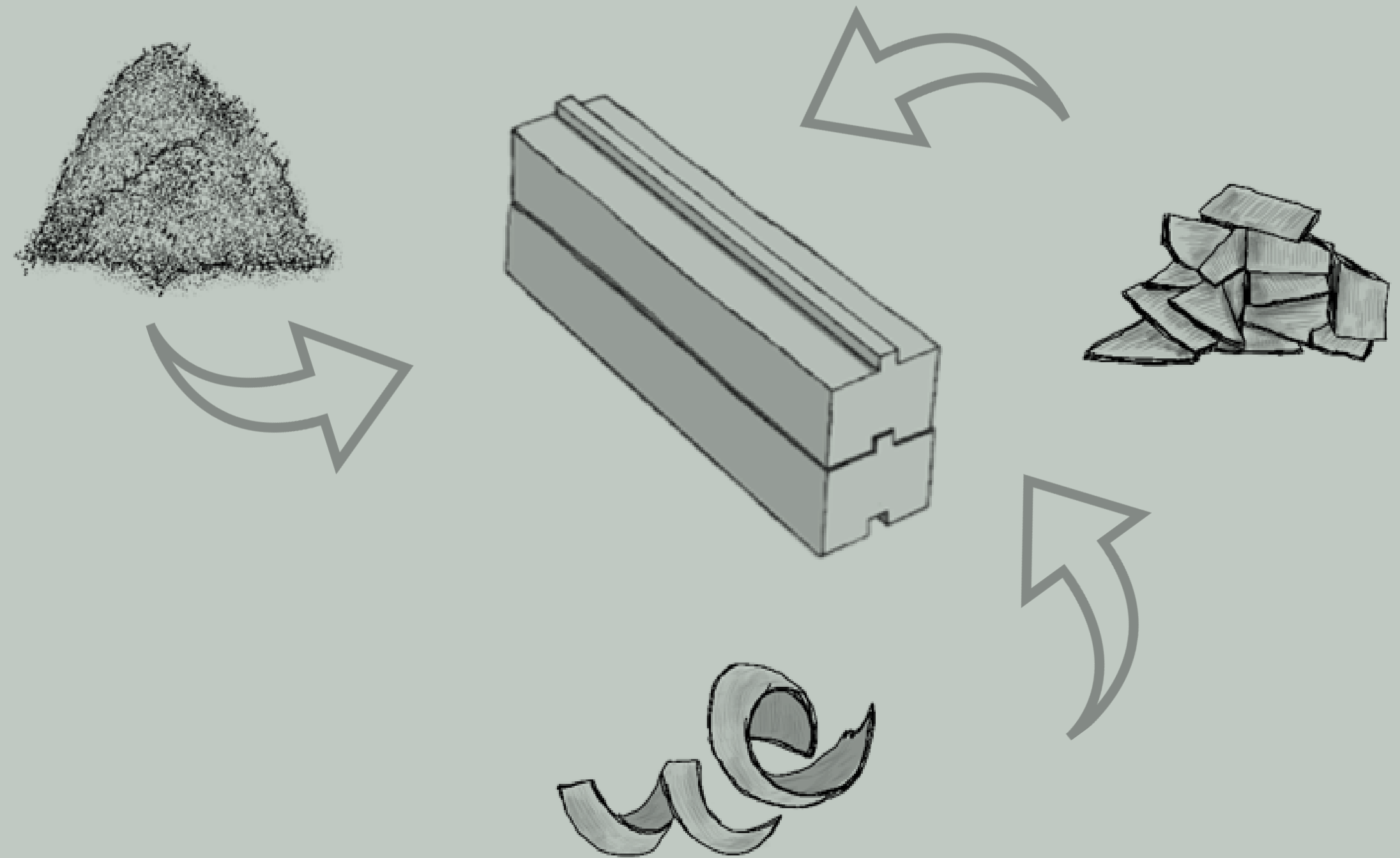


Donate

Solution: TECHNOLOG

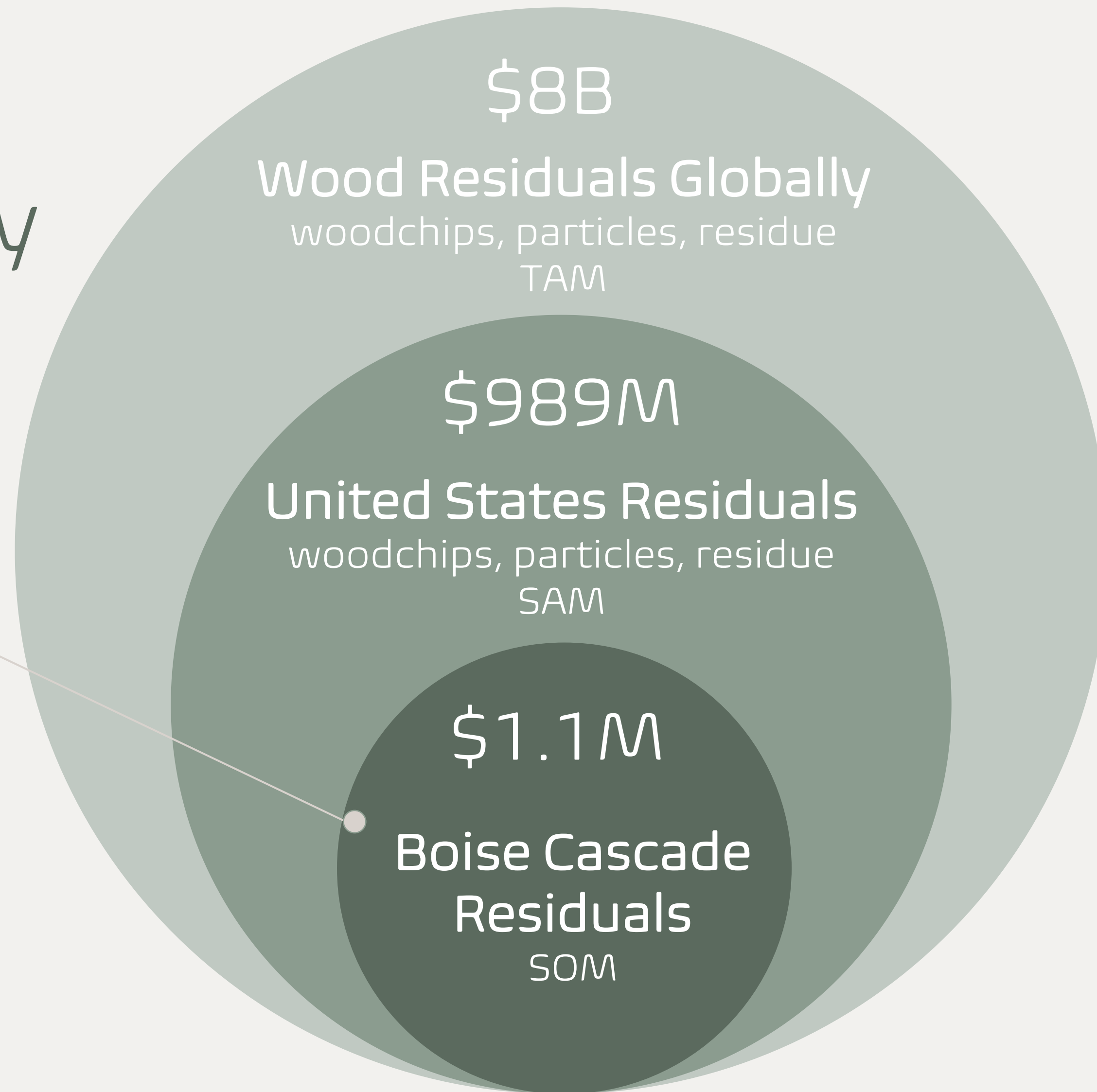
Value-Add

- ✓ Cradle-to-Cradle Construction
- ✓ Low Energy Usage
- ✓ Fewer Skilled Laborers
- ✓ Lighter Weight
- ✓ Carbon Capture



Market Opportunity

"40 truckloads
per week"
(@ 24 tons/truck)



Progress to Date



First iteration: wooden box.



Second iteration: steel box.

Technolog created in collaboration between Architecture and Mechanical Engineering students from the University of Idaho: Jim Severt, Skyler Howell, and Robert Carne



2'6" x 8" x 8" post-compression Technolog

Thermal Performance Assessment

1. PrinTimber vs. Concrete
2. Insulation Fill Options
3. Cost and Embodied Energy Assessment

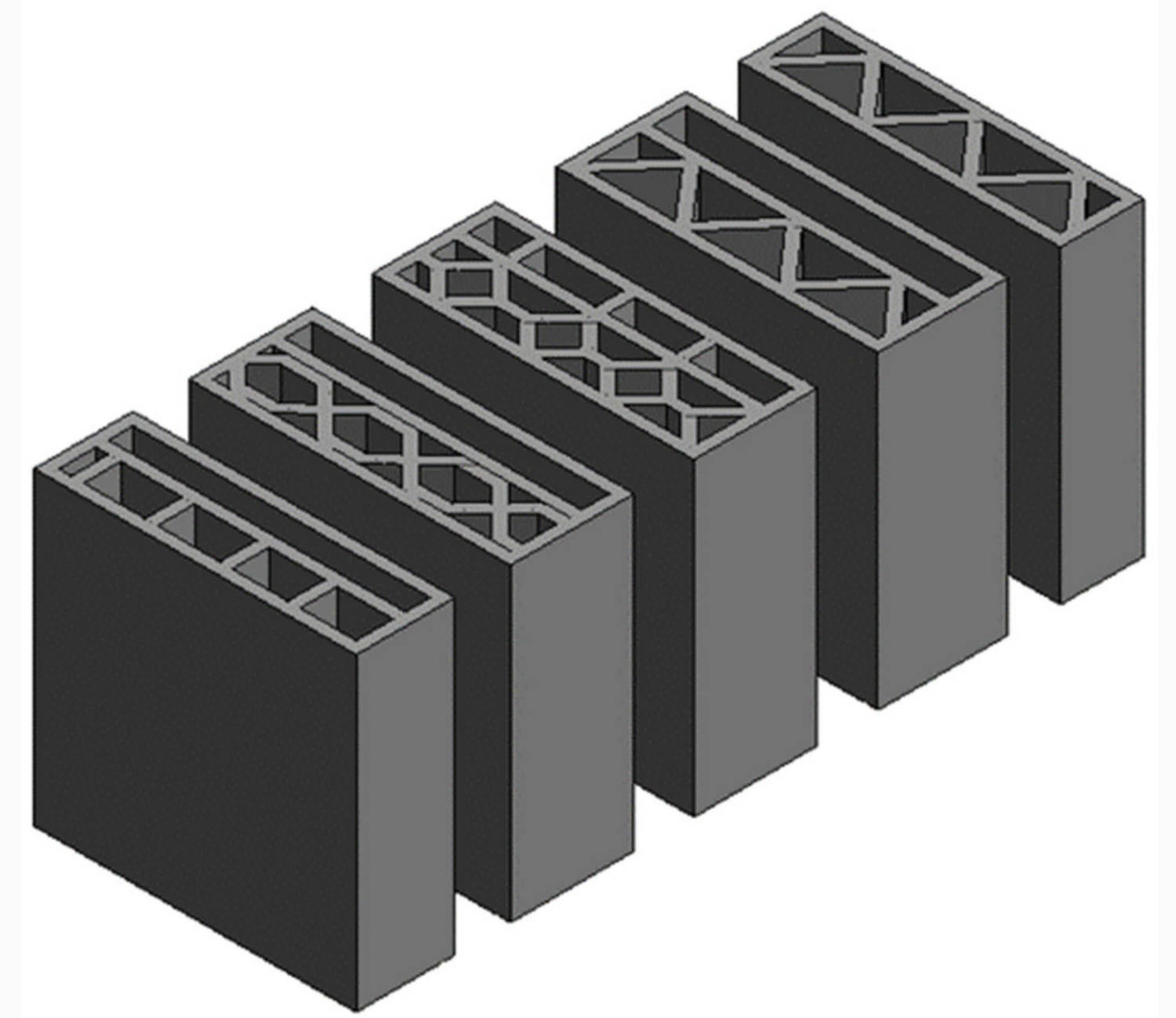
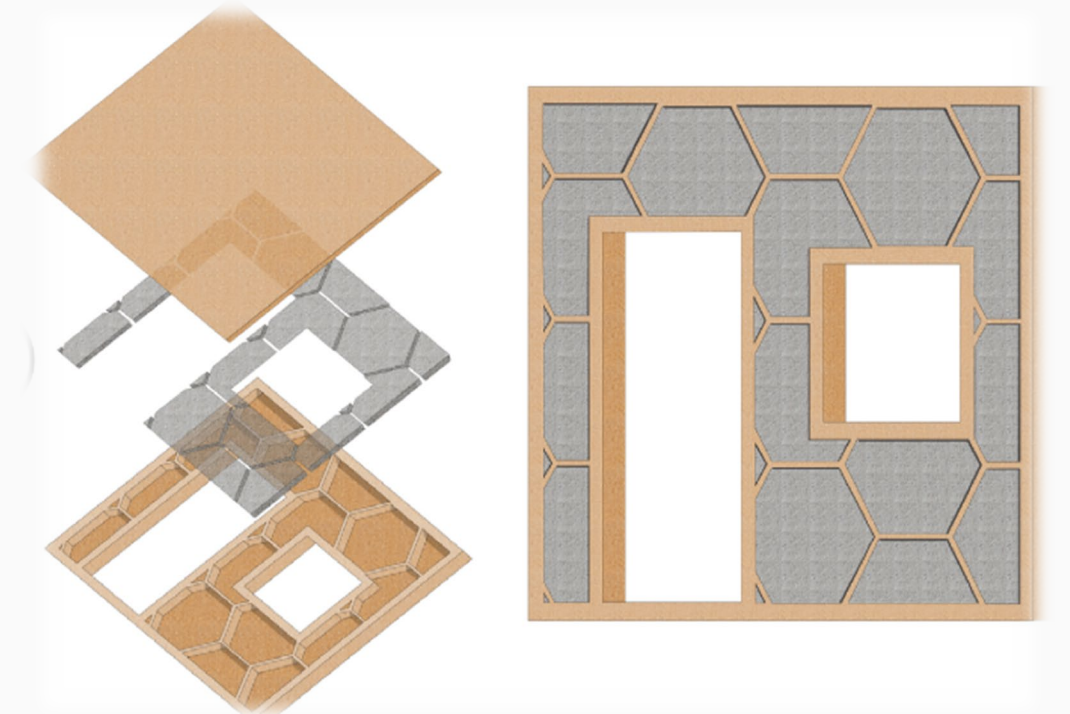
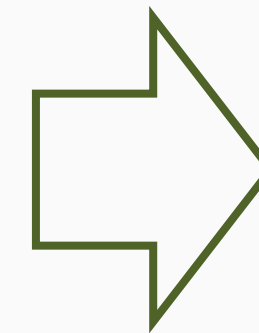
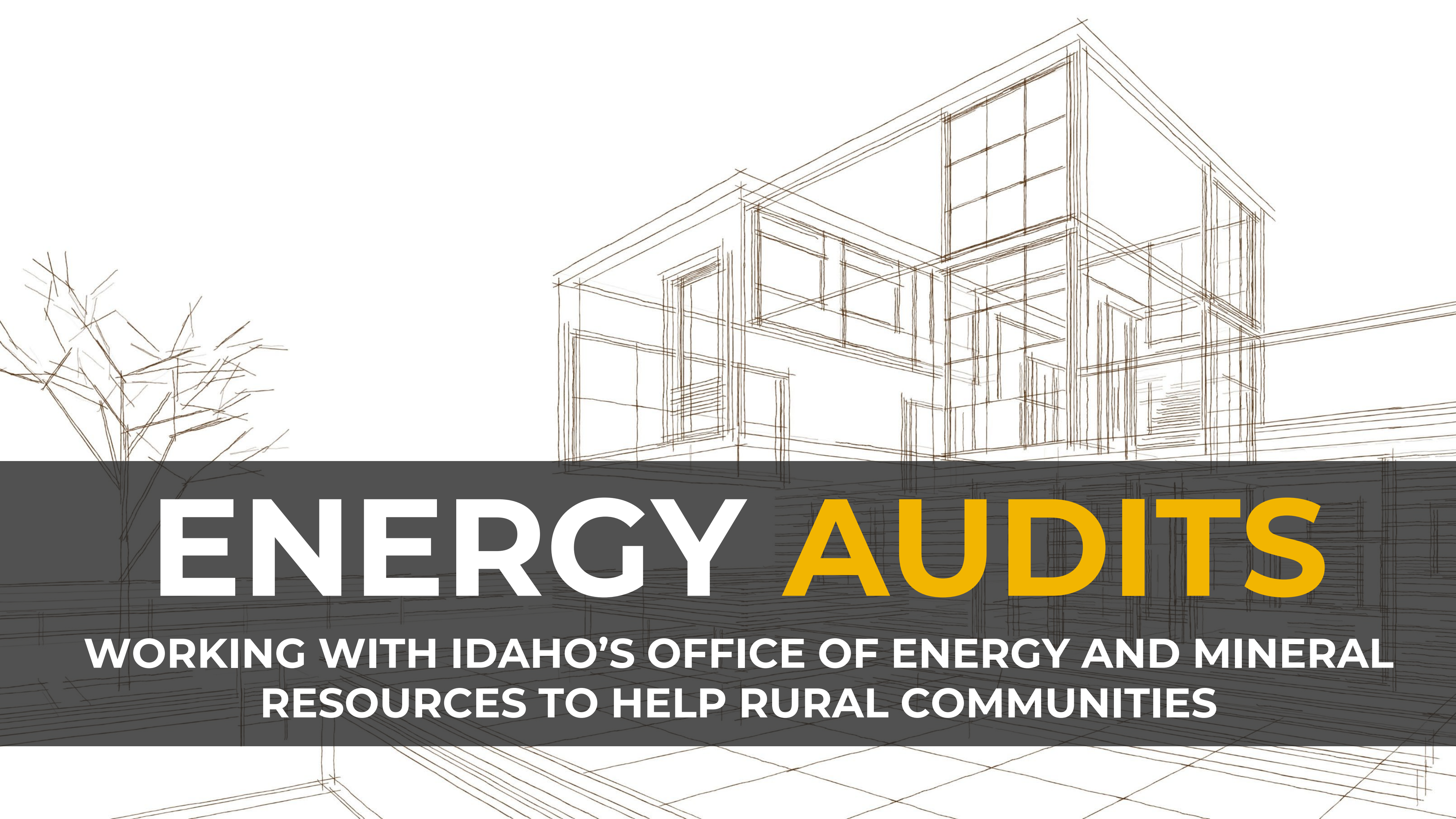


Image from “Experimental Study on the Thermal Performance of 3D-Printed Enclosing Structures” by Darya Nemova et. al Energies 2022
<https://doi.org/10.3390/en15124230>

Using Bio-based Materials for the Future



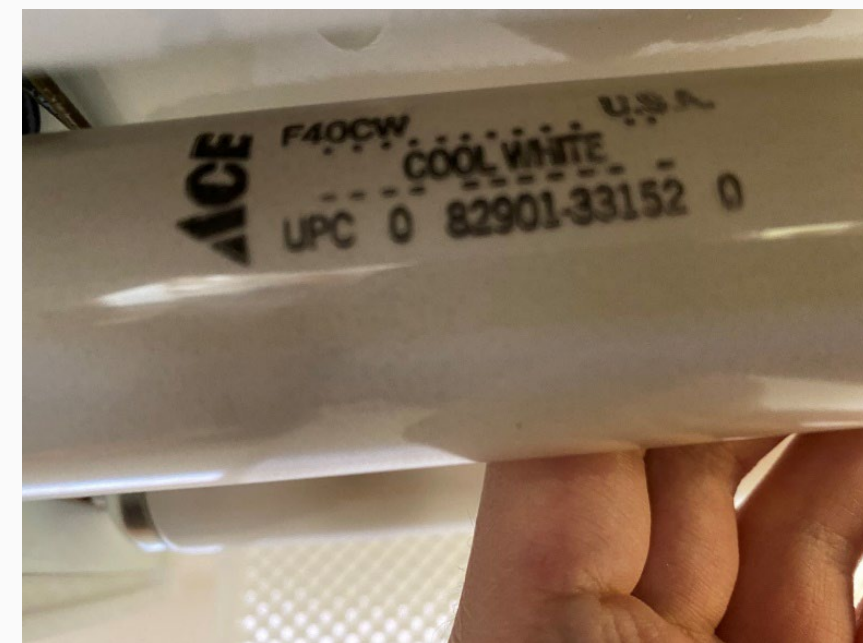


ENERGY AUDITS

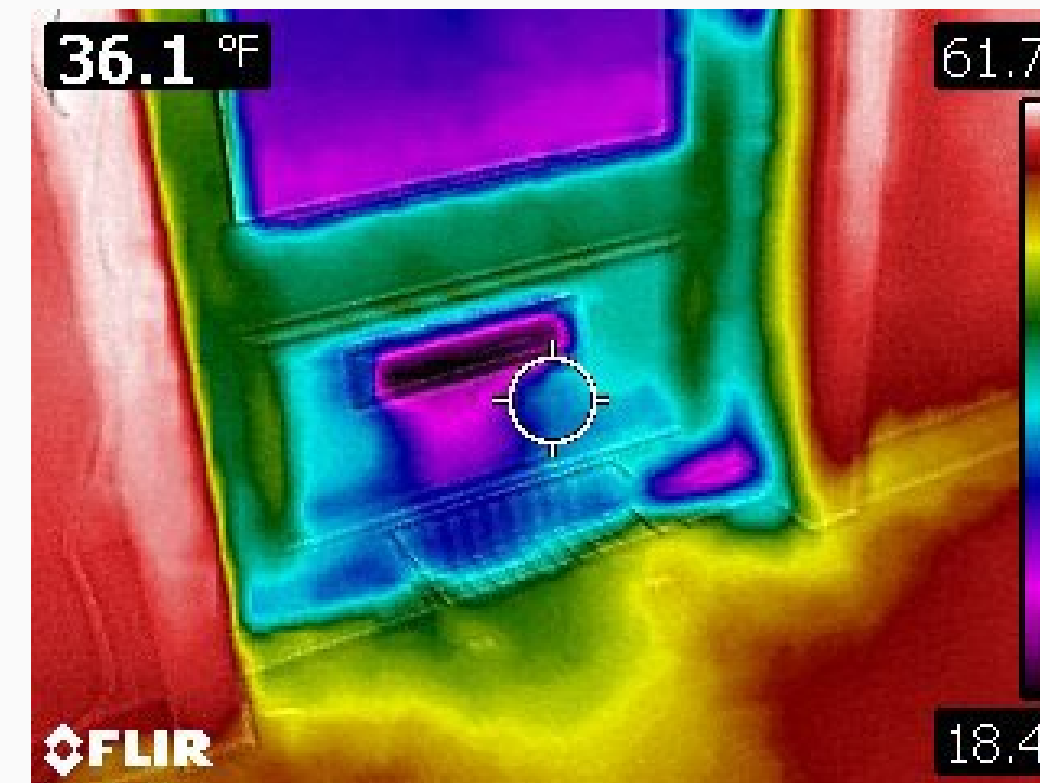
WORKING WITH IDAHO'S OFFICE OF ENERGY AND MINERAL
RESOURCES TO HELP RURAL COMMUNITIES

A HISTORY TOUR OF BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES

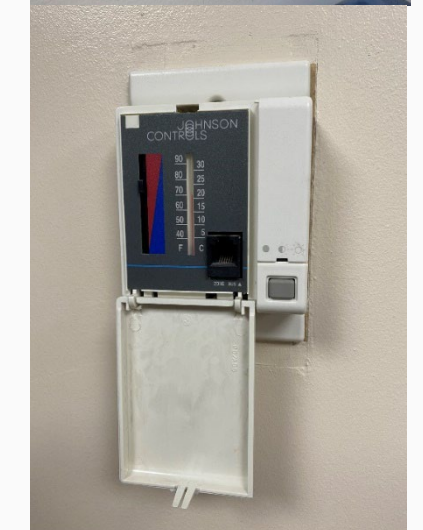
LIGHTING



ENVELOPE



HVAC



REPORT OUTLINE

- BUILDING INFORMATION
- FACILITY DESCRIPTION
- ENERGY SNAPSHOT
- SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
- ENERGY SAVINGS OPPORTUNITIES

1. Retrofit lighting

Description:

a. Existing Conditions:

T8 fluorescent lights are present throughout the building. There are approximately 28 fixtures and 104 bulbs that were counted on site. Most have 40-watt bulbs, and the Lighting Power Density (LPD) is estimated at 2.5 W/ft² (about 3x the current code maximum). Estimated energy is 4,000 kWh per year. This could be reduced by 75%. Estimated savings would be about 3,000 kWh per year or \$250 per year.

b. Opportunity for Change:

Update to LEDs or Luminaire Level Lighting Controls (LLLC's) for a higher incentive.

Potential benefits (energy, capital, comfort, maintenance)

Energy, maintenance, comfort

Other Considerations (implementation, conflicts between other opportunities, remodels, etc.)

Estimated costs by Retrolux vary between \$1.25 - \$2.00/ft²

Idaho Power's most used incentives are for lighting. Incentives for this building range between \$300 - \$1,000 depending on the LED system chosen (\$0.10 - \$0.29 per kWh saved).

Exit signs can also be replaced with LEDs (IPC incentive at \$40/sign)

<https://docs.idahopower.com/pdfs/energyefficiency/business/retrofits/StandardLightingIncentives.pdf>

WHAT'S NEEDED – SPECIFIC NUMBERS ON SAVINGS

#	Utility (Electric, Gas, etc.)	Description	Capital cost (rough estimate) [\$]	Utility cost savings (rough estimate) [\$]	Potential Simple ROI (without incentives) [yrs]	Energy savings (rough estimate) [kBtu]	Utility Incentives (Y/N) ³
1	Electricity, Gas	Add exterior insulation on exposed concrete walls	\$1,250	\$800	1.6 yrs	98,800 kBtu	Y
2	Electricity, Gas	Add central HVAC controls	\$4,500	\$3,400	1.3 yrs	269,100 kBtu	Y
3	Gas	Update boiler controls	\$1,500+	\$1,100	1.4 yrs	138,400 kBtu	Y
4	Electricity	Add SHGC film to east windows	\$500	\$200	2.5 yrs	7,100 kBtu	Y
5	Electricity, Gas	Update RTUs above SE Wing	\$36,000+	\$6,800	5.3+ yrs	538,100 kBtu	Y

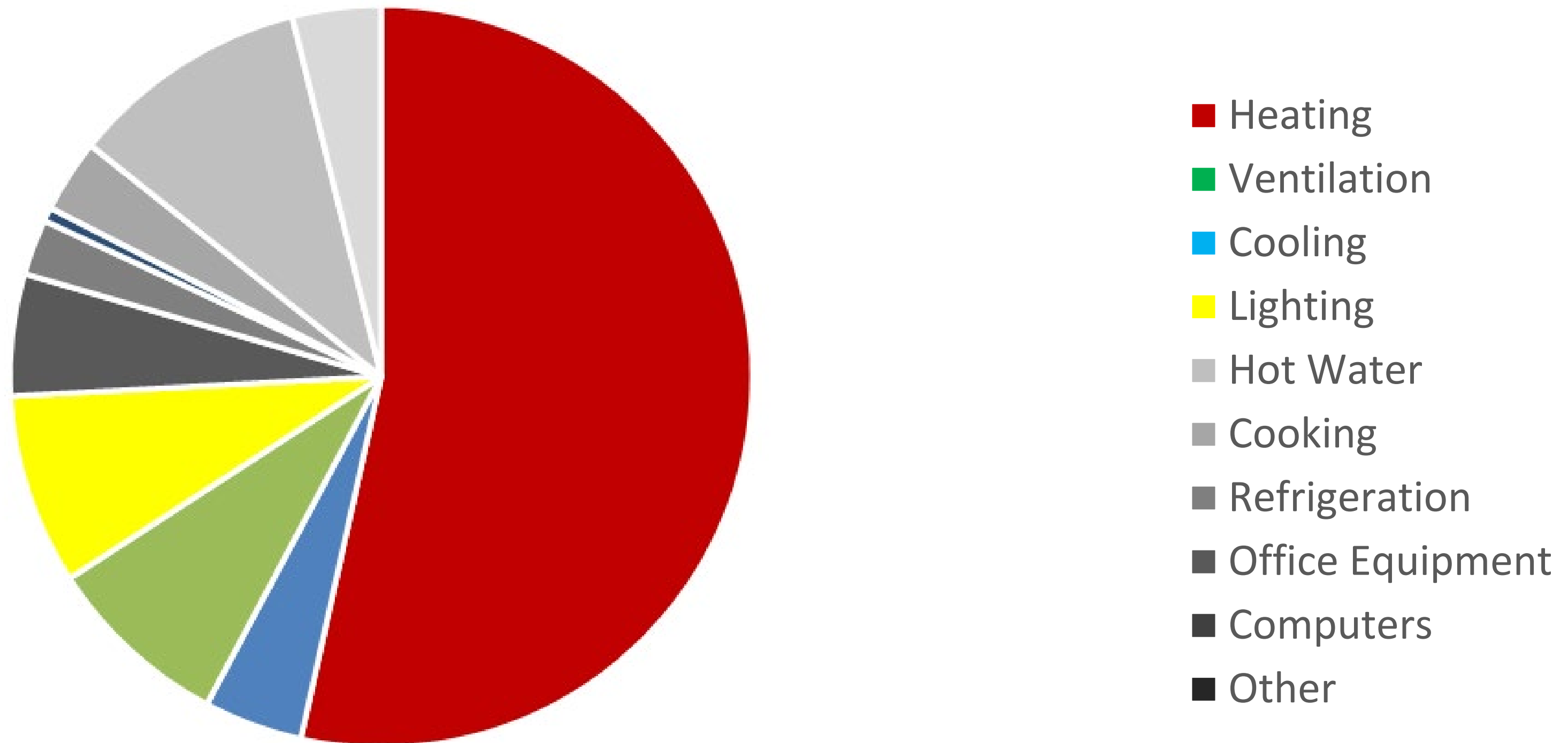
Education

Collapsing Roofs, Broken Toilets, Flooded Classrooms: Inside the Worst- Funded Schools in the Nation

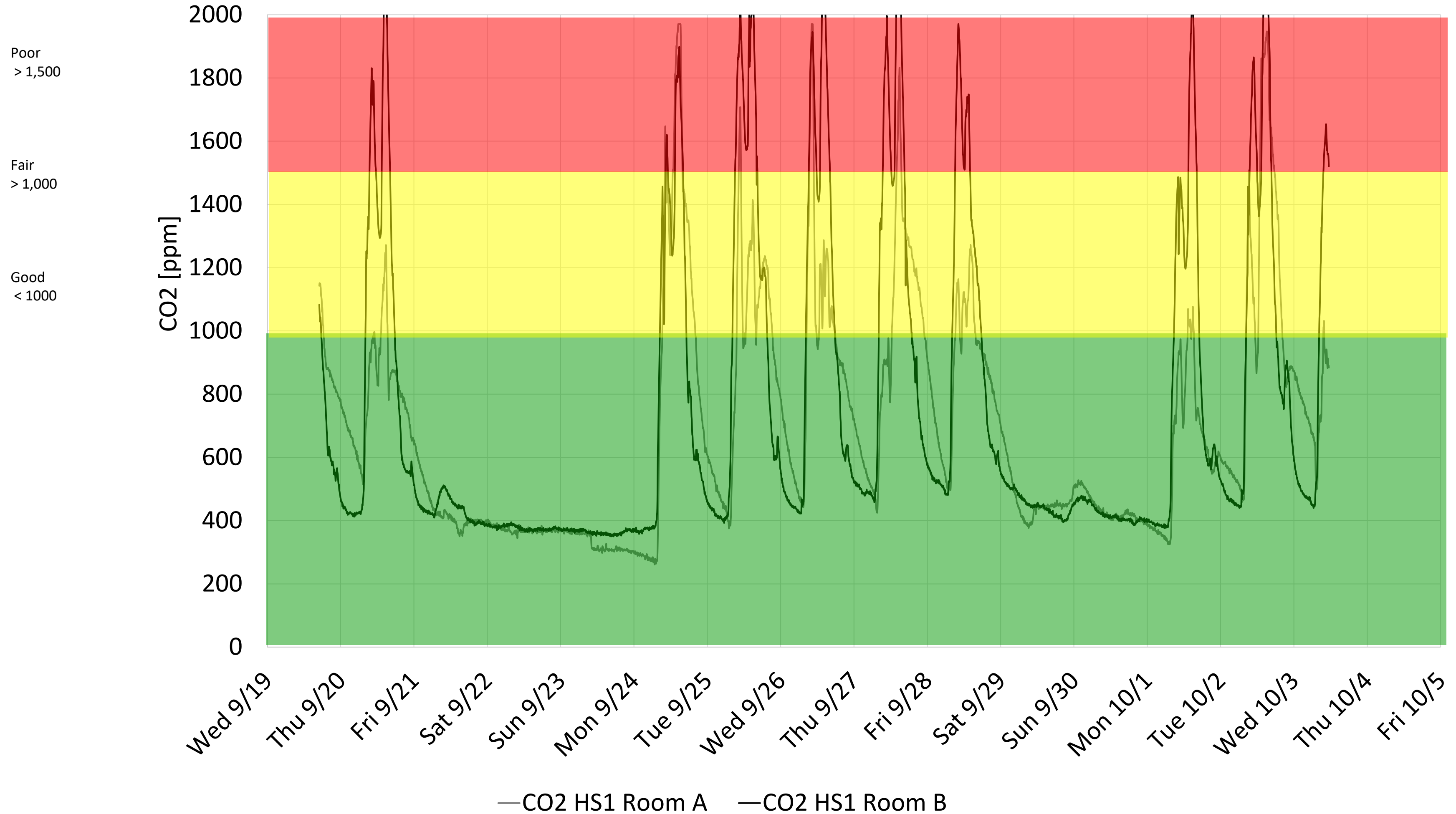
by Becca Savransky, Idaho Statesman, photography by Sarah A. Miller, Idaho Statesman

April 13, 5 a.m. EDT

ENERGY USE IN SCHOOLS

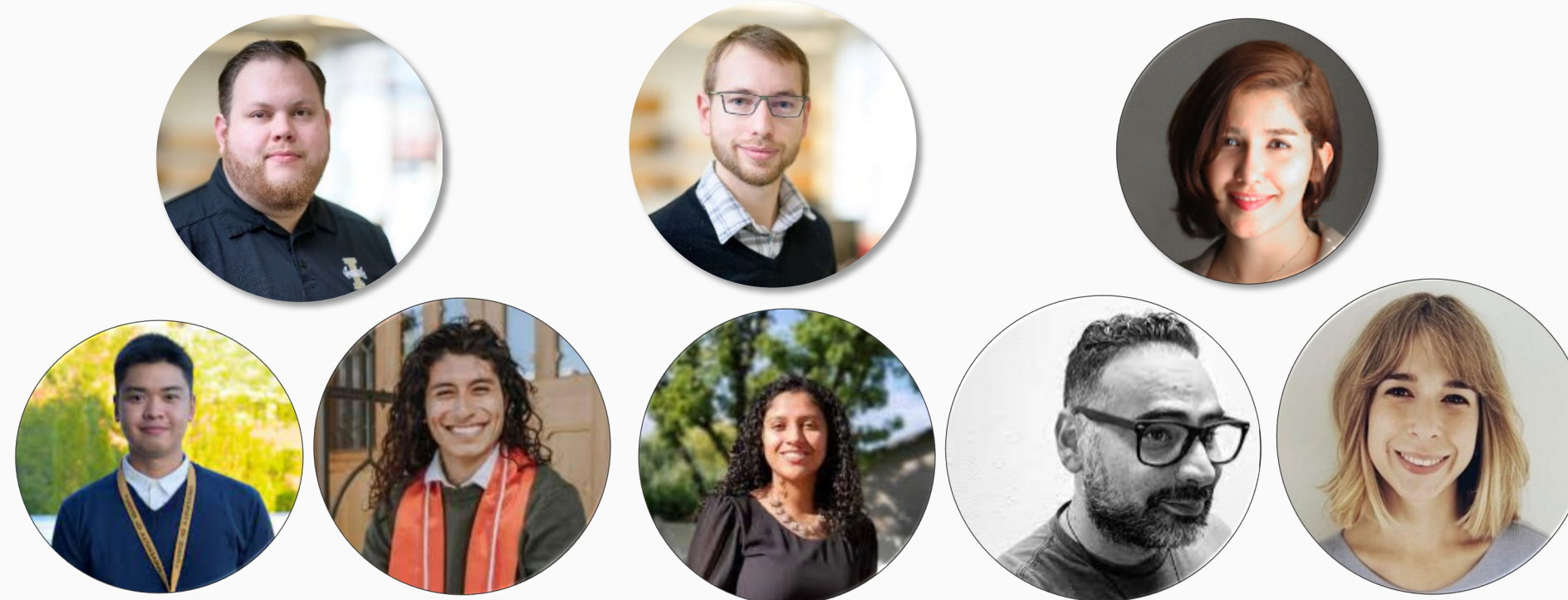


Indoor Air Quality at Idaho High School #1



Other Lab Research Areas and Funders

1. Energy Code Training (NEEA)
2. Commercial Natural Gas Consumption Survey (Intermountain Gas Co.)
3. Lunch & Learn Lecture Series (Idaho Power Co.)
4. Technical Design Assistance (Idaho Power Co.)





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College of Art and Architecture

ANY QUESTIONS?

www.idlboise.com